



## -Year 2 – The Sensational Seven – Introduction to the Seven Sacraments

Participation in the Sacramental life of Christ and the Church takes place not only at the personal spiritual level, but also at the level of the human/personal/ historical . In sharing in the Sacraments, the Christian begins a spiritual journey which affects everything in his life: family, properties, authority, position and social relations. It re-orientates the direction of his entire human existence towards its sanctification by the Holy Spirit. Here is a review to reflect on your journey and to see if it is consistent with the spirituality of the Sacramental life.

Sacrament	Human Level	Spiritual Level
Baptism	The infant is introduced to a life of love through the efforts of his/her _____.	This sacrament takes away _____ Baptism initiates the one baptized into the _____.
Confirmation	Passing from the childhood state of taking, to the mature state of _____ The sacrament of maturity by means of _____	The Holy Spirit descends upon the one who is _____  The recipient assumes his/her Christian _____
Eucharist	A communal celebration of those who share similar _____  The sharing of a ritual meal by an assembly of people who all believe in _____	Receiving the Body and Blood of _____  Re-enactment of Jesus' sacrifice on Mount _____
Reconciliation	The community forgives any offenses against itself through its representative , the _____	God forgives our _____  But in order to receive God's forgiveness, we must confess our sins and also be _____

Matrimony (life work)	Man and woman together for _____ Bringing children into the people of _____	What God has joined together, let no man put _____ Union of husband and wife is a symbol of the union between Christ and His _____
Holy Orders	Community chooses and sets apart a representative to be its leader of _____	The priest is ordained to become another _____
Anointing of the Sick	Human support in one's last _____	God prepares the soul for _____

For each of the sacraments, list the element of the rite that is most essential for the sacrament. In other word, what part of the ritual is most important for the sacramental action to take place? Give both the words and the gestures.

1. Baptism—the priest pours \_\_\_\_\_

while saying: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Confirmation (A) the bishop lays hands on \_\_\_\_\_

(B) and anoints the forehead of \_\_\_\_\_

(C) while saying: (Name) to be sealed with \_\_\_\_\_

3. Eucharist—the priest celebrant says

(A) “This is \_\_\_\_\_”

(B) and “This is \_\_\_\_\_”

(C) “Do this in \_\_\_\_\_”

(D) Then the participants all receive \_\_\_\_\_

4. Reconciliation (A) the penitent tells the priest \_\_\_\_\_

(B) and the priest says, "I absolve \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

5. Matrimony—the bride and groom in the presence of the priest and the witnesses each say \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

6. Holy Orders (A) the bishop lays his hands on the head of \_\_\_\_\_

(B) and then says: "We ask you, almighty Father, to give these servants of yours the dignity of \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

7. Anointing of the Sick (A) the priest anoints the head and hands of each sick, old, or \_\_\_\_\_

(B) Then he says: "Through this holy anointing and his great love for you, may the Lord fill you with the power of the

\_\_\_\_\_

(C) The priest adds: "In His goodness, may He ease your suffering and extend his saving grace to you, freed from all

power of \_\_\_\_\_

8. The only sacrament in which the words and the sign are exactly the same \_\_\_\_\_

9. Which two sacraments have the same sign? \_\_\_\_\_

10. What is the sign for these two sacraments? \_\_\_\_\_

11. Which two sacraments include these words: "In the name of the Father, Son, and Spirit?" \_\_\_\_\_

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### Answers....

<b>Sacrament</b>	<b>Human Level</b>	<b>Spiritual Level</b>
Baptism	The infant is introduced to a life of love through the efforts of his/her <i>parents</i>	This sacrament takes away <i>original sin</i> Baptism initiates the one baptized into the <i>Church, Christian community, people of God</i>
Confirmation	Passing from the childhood state of taking, to the mature state of <i>giving</i> The sacrament of maturity by means of <i>accepting, responsibility, commitment</i>	The Holy Spirit descends upon the one who is <i>confirmed</i>  The recipient assumes his/her Christian <i>Responsibilities, role, obligations, duties</i>

Eucharist	A communal celebration of those who share similar <i>Ideals, beliefs, faith</i>  The sharing of a ritual meal by an assembly of people who all believe in <i>God, Christ</i>	Receiving the Body and Blood of <i>Christ</i>  Re-enactment of Jesus' sacrifice on Mount <i>Calvary, Golgotha</i>
Reconciliation	The community forgives any offenses against itself through its representative , the <i>priest</i>	God forgives our <i>sins</i>  But in order to receive God's forgiveness, we must confess our sins and also be <i>absolved, forgiven</i>
Matrimony (life work)	Man and woman together for <i>ever, life</i> Bringing children into the people of <i>God, love</i>	What God has joined together, let no man put <i>asunder, apart</i>  Union of husband and wife is a symbol of the union between Christ and His <i>people, church, faithful, followers</i>
Holy Orders	Community chooses and sets apart a representative to be its leader of <i>liturgy, celebration, worship, assembly, prayer</i>	The priest is ordained to become another <i>Christ (reason for no woman priests)</i>
Anointing of the Sick	Human support in one's last <i>sickness, agony, suffering, illness, moments, day, hour, breath</i>	God prepares the soul for <i>death, heaven, glory, afterlife</i>

1. Baptism—the priest pours *water on the forehead of the one to be baptized* while saying: *I baptize you in the name of the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit*
2. Confirmation (A) the bishop lays hands on *the one to be confirmed, recipient, the candidate*  
(B) and anoints the forehead of *the recipient with oil*  
(C) while saying: (Name) to be sealed with *the gift of the Holy Spirit*
4. Eucharist—the priest celebrant says  
(A) “This is *my body*”  
(B) and “This is *my blood*”  
(C) “Do this in *memory of me or remembrance of me*”

(D) Then the participants all receive *communion, the Eucharist, the bread and wine*

4. Reconciliation (A) the penitent tells the priest *his/her sins*

(B) and the priest says, "I absolve *you from your sins in the name of the Father, and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit*

5. Matrimony—the bride and groom in the presence of the priest and the witnesses each say *I take this woman/man to be my lawfully wedded wife/husband*

6. Holy Orders (A) the bishop lays his hands on the head of *the ordained or the recipient*

(B) and then says: "We ask you, almighty Father, to give these servants of yours the dignity of *the priesthood*

7. Anointing of the Sick

(A) the priest anoints the head and hands of each sick, old, or *dying person*

(B) Then he says: "Through this holy anointing and his great love for you, may the Lord fill you with the power of the *Holy Spirit*

(C) The priest adds: "In His goodness, may He ease your suffering and extend his saving grace to you, freed from all power of *sin, evil*

8. The only sacrament in which the words and the sign are exactly the same *Matrimony*

9. Which two sacraments have the same sign? *Confirmation and Holy Orders*

10. What is the sign for these two sacraments? *Laying on of hands*

11. Which two sacraments include these words: "In the name of the Father, Son, and Spirit?" *Baptism and Reconciliation*

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